

THE DUBLIN TRAGEDY.

Sir Charles Dilke declines to be the successor of the late Secretary of the Irish Land League, as he is not prepared to accept of the post of Chief Secretary for Ireland because the offer was not accompanied by the promise of a seat in the Cabinet.

The bill which will be introduced in the House of Commons for the prevention of crime in Ireland will include clauses dealing with secret societies, and providing for the trial of agrarian offenders by special tribunals. It is probable also that in cases of outrage a heavy fine in the shape of compensation will be imposed on the districts in which the crimes are committed. It is in which the bill does not interfere with personal liberty and the right of public meetings the Irish members will not offer serious opposition.

The Daily Telegraph has the following from Dublin: "Mr. Moore, who was arrested at New York, has a number of wounds about his body. It is reported that another arrest has been effected at Kildare. An American who visited the scene of the murder scrutinized the footprints around the spot, and distinctly recognized those of the assassin. The assassin is commonly known as 'Reddy'." It is stated that a few days ago Mr. Burke received a letter warning him that he did not at once follow the example of Mr. Foster and clear out of the castle he would have only three days to live."

The News and the Government will accept Mr. Gilson's amendment to the proposed bill of procedure making a two-thirds majority necessary for the adoption of the clause.

The Daily News this morning confirms the report that Sir Charles Dilke has declined the chairmanship for Ireland, which post is now offered to Mr. George Trevelyan, the present secretary to the admiralty.

The Lord Mayor denies that any requisition has been made upon him to call a meeting at Guild Hall to petition the Queen to dissolve Parliament and to call a new Parliament.

Miss Anna Parnell has written a long letter to the Times drawing attention to the fact that a group of children were shot down in the streets of Ballina last Monday. She says that Mr. Foster butchered men and women, but for Earl Spencer has reserved the distinction of butchering children.

Mr. G. J. Holyoke has received a grant of £100 in order that he may proceed to America to report on cotton culture.

TRANSFERRING THE RED CAR. A special issue of the New York Herald dated Dublin, May 15, says:

Important information has just reached me. Two men, named Courtney and McBride, in the employment of Mr. O'Neill, a sculptor, were returning from Maynooth with a day's work on Saturday night. When within a mile and a quarter of the village of Luan, which is four miles from Dublin, on the Chapelizod road, they met a red-backed car with a horse bled in sweat and galloping at a very rapid pace. Four men were on the car and appeared to be in a terrific state of excitement. They shouted to the driver of the day, "Clear the road!" This he was unable to do in time, and as the car pulled up to prevent a collision he had a good look at the men. One, more excited than the rest, struck at him with a heavy stick. He slashed in return with his whip. The man cried out, "Get out of the car!" and the second man, who was a companion behind him, the back of the car was by this time past, and the horse was again put to a gallop at a furious pace. Mr. Courtney says that he can identify two of the men. He has given a most accurate description. He states that they were all perfectly dressed. One wore a blue coat, the other a dark one. There was no number on the car. The driver was a young man. A rumor was current that the car-driver had been found beyond Luan with his throat cut, but there was no confirmation of the report given by the police.

"WANTED." The police have issued the following circular:

"Wanted, for the murder of Lord Frederick Cavendish and Under-Secretary Burke, two men—the first, aged thirty-three years, stout, fair complexion, whiskers, short and dark, and mustache, wearing a blue jacket coat, and the second, aged thirty-three years, fair, whiskers, and a mustache sandy, pale complexion, and dressed in a faded brown overcoat and soft hat. Both men had the appearance of sailors or firemen."

STARRED WITH BOW-KNIVES. DUBLIN, May 16.—At the inquest yesterday on the bodies of Lord Frederick Cavendish and Under-Secretary Burke, medical evidence was given to the effect that the victims had apparently been stabbed simultaneously from before and behind with long bow-knives. The wounds all appeared to be inflicted with exactly similar weapons.

ARRESTS. DUBLIN, May 16.—Arrests are constantly being made in various parts of Ireland of parties resembling in some degree the descriptions given in the police circular of the suspected murderers of Burke and Cavendish. Orders have been issued to arrest all strangers and tramps who are unable to account for their movements during the last three days.

LORD CAVENTISH'S SUCCESSOR. LONDON, May 16.—The report is confirmed that George Otto Trevelyan has been appointed Chief Secretary for Ireland.

The Pall-Mall Gazette says that Leonard J. Courtney, member of Parliament for Ireland, will become Secretary to the Treasury to fill the place held by Lord Frederick Cavendish previous to his appointment as Chief Secretary for Ireland. Immediately, it says, upon Trevelyan's acceptance of the office, a special policeman was placed on duty near his residence.

"THE THUNDERER" ON MR. PARNELL AND THE LAND-LEAGUERS. LONDON, May 16.—The Times, in a leading article, says: "Even if it be true that the murder of Lord Frederick Cavendish and Mr. Burke was done by American- Irish desperadoes, we must not forget that Mr. Parnell has boasted of consolidating an alliance at home. We are unable to accept the plea that men who have pursued the Land-Leaguers' course are divested of all responsibility for the crime they now denounce."

The Times continues to energetically attack the Parnellite members of Parliament. It says it is morally impossible to enter into any understanding with those who denounce outrage for the first time, when they feel that it cripples their operations. Though they profess to negotiate in the House of Commons for the blood-thirsty element of the Irish, they are only powerful to excite disaffection. They cannot diminish the malignancy of the whole class, who wallow in blood like beasts of prey.

MORNING IN DUBLIN. DUBLIN, May 16.—All the Dublin papers appear in mourning.

THE KINGDOM'S HONOR. LONDON, May 16.—A tradition, in a published statement, that he has received a flood of communications from every part of the Kingdom expressive of horror and indignation at the crime. He says it is only just to state that none are more remarkable for fervor and sincerity than the large number from all parts of the Kingdom, who express their sympathy with the victims.

TELEGRAPHIC NEWS.

TO THE DISPATCH FROM ALL POINTS.

Congressional and Other Washington Matters.—Senators Cameron and Mahone's North Carolina Business Enterprise—Political Notes—An American Sealing Schooner, With All on Board, Lost—Preparing the History of the Battle of Gettysburg—Scoville's Habes Corpus Case—A Dishonest Cotton Broker Absconds with \$60,000—A Maniac Murderer's Work—Judge Westbrook, of New York, to be Impeached—The Methodist Conference at Nashville—The Murder of Young Rountree in Augusta, Ga.—Railroad Accidents in Texas—The Irish Protection Bill.

WASHINGTON, May 16.—The Senate today passed the House tariff-commission bill just as it came from the House. It stated yesterday that this bill only provides for an investigation of the tariff. It also provides that the report of the commission shall be made on the first Monday in December, instead of the first of January, as required by the Senate bill. The vote stood 35 yeas to 19 nays. Senators Johnson and Mahone voted "Aye," and so did Senators Hampton, Camden, Davis of West Virginia, McPherson, and Groome (Democrats). Senator Davis, of Illinois, (Independent) voted "No," and Senators Ingalls, and Van Wyck (Republicans) voted the same way. The name of ex-Senator Eaton (Democrat), of Connecticut, has been mentioned as one of the commission, but he says he cannot accept, because he is author of the commission scheme, and while here this commission on other business has been its constant and earnest advocate. Although a States'-Rights Democrat of the old school he is a warm personal friend of Mr. Conkling.

THE CLAIMS OF VIRGINIA AND OTHER STATES. Judge Critcher, counsel for Virginia, had a conference to-day with Senator Hoar, of Massachusetts, to whom was referred the bill directing the Secretary of the Treasury to examine and settle the (1812) war claims of the States of Virginia, New York, Pennsylvania, Delaware, South Carolina, and the city of Baltimore. The Senator will at an early day report favorably on it, and my information is that Republican senators are willing to vote for the bill. The Democrats have generally been in favor of it. The bill in question was introduced by Senator Mahone, and if it becomes a law will give Virginia a good round sum. Mr. Paul has a similar bill in the House.

AN ARGUMENT AGAINST OLEOMARGARINE. Representative Jacobs, of New York, appeared before the Ways and Means Committee to-day and made an argument in favor of the oleomargarine bill. He contended that oleomargarine ought to be stamped with a Government stamp, so that people may know they are not buying butter. He contended that its manufacture in this country has hurt our butter and cheese trade in Europe. He also said that while the worst butter is not poisonous, the best oleomargarine may be.

TO STOP THE COINAGE OF SILVER DOLLARS. The House Coinage Committee to-day agreed to report a bill suspending the coinage of silver dollars and retiring silver certificates. There was a minority report agreed on, and Judge Buckner obtained leave to report his own views on the silver question. He says we ought never to suspend the coinage of silver dollars until we have positive assurance that England is ready to enter into an agreement to fix the ratio between silver and gold. That, the Judge thinks, is only a question of time.

A COALING STATION AT PORT ROYAL, S. C. The petition of citizens of Beaufort, S. C., in favor of the establishment by the General Government of a coaling station at Port Royal, in the same State, went to the Senate Naval Committee to-day. With it is a strong letter of Captain James E. Jonett commending the naval station at Beaufort, Senator Butler, who presented the petition, introduced on the 26th of April a bill appropriating \$30,000 for the construction of a Government warehouse and coal dock at Port Royal.

PERSONAL NEWS ITEMS. Dr. James L. Cabell, of the University of Virginia, president of the National Board of Health, and Judge Meade, of Alexandria, and his son, Nathaniel Meade, Jr., were at the Capitol to-day. General Sherman and party will get back this week from the West. Congressman Lynch, who was serenaded last night, said the Republican party said to him, "Come to the House of Representatives, the place which has been prepared for thee since the foundation of the Government." I omitted last night to state that the Supreme Court below affirmed the decision of the Court below in the case of Charles T. Root, executor, vs. The Richmond, Fredericksburg and Potomac Railroad Company. Representative Belmont has gone to New York. Mr. James P. Voorhees, son of the Senator, is writing a paper, which his friends predict will make a hit. The President to-day re-appointed Judge Snell police judge of the District of Columbia. Mr. Carpenter's bill to establish national experiment stations in connection with the agricultural colleges of the various States went to the House Committee on Education to-day.

EXCURSION TO YORKTOWN TO-MORROW. The following are a portion of the party that will leave here to-morrow via Baltimore for Yorktown, where they will remain until Friday: Senator Williams of Kentucky, Representatives Jones of New Jersey, Robinson of Ohio, Le Fevre of Ohio, Reagan of Texas, Belford of Colorado, Desondorf of Virginia, Hall of New Hampshire, Bowman of Massachusetts, probably Tucker of Virginia, Colonel Dick Wintersmith, and Colonel Crittenden of Kentucky. Colonel J. E. Peyton, of New Jersey, will be the host, and the excursion is in honor of the Marquis De Chambrun and wife. The latter is a great-granddaughter of General Lafayette and the former is the counsel of the French legation at Washington. A number of correspondents will be in the party.

THE PENNSYLVANIA STEALWARTS. claim that they will win at Harrisburg Wednesday, and if they do, the Independent convention on the 24th, it is predicted, will be an immense affair. In fact, a prominent Pennsylvania Hall-Breed claims that it will represent the Republican party of Pennsylvania. If I hear from Pennsylvania, who ought to know, he is true, there are stirring times ahead in

THE KEYSTONE STATE AND THINGS PROBABLY little dreamed of by outsiders.

THE RACES NEXT WEEK. The spring races, which commence here on the 16th and close on the 19th, promise to be very successful. A large number of noted horses have already arrived, and others are on their way. They represent the best racing blood of the country. Patrons of the turf predict that these races will rank among the best of the year. The track is a fine one, and the gentlemen controlling the Association are of high character and noted for their liberality and public spirit.

BRIEF NEWS ITEMS. The Senate until executive session discussed the Court of Appeals bill, and the indications still are that it will pass. Party lines have been to a great extent drawn on it, the Republicans advocating and the Democrats opposing it. The House discussed the agricultural bill.

If it be true that the Republicans mean to press the contested-election cases, commencing with the South Carolina case, I do not see how Congress can reach an adjournment by the middle of June. The Democratic leaders have informed the Republicans that if they (the Republicans) desire to pass any bills this session they had better bring them up in advance of the election cases. After hearing this the Republicans have determined to take up, after passing the agricultural bill, the District bill and the national-charter bill, which will be discussed at length.

The Mississippi congressmen say they know nothing of the rumor that General Chalmers has gone to Mississippi to lead a liberal movement.

As Mr. Stephens, of Georgia, was ascending the Capitol steps to-day he fell, and sprained his left ankle.

Patents were issued to-day to W. H. H. Lynn and G. W. Tyler, of Staunton, for a corn-stalk cutter and crusher, and to Robert W. Thurman, of Lynchburg, for a removable lock.

The report is that Mr. Blaine has made a pile on Colorado mining stock.

Government receipts to-day: Customs, \$509,794; internal revenue, \$478,127.

Forty-seventh Congress—First Session. WASHINGTON, May 9, 1882.

SENATE. The Senate passed the House tariff-commission bill—yeas, 35; nays, 19. The Democrats voting with the Republicans in its favor were Messrs. Davis of West Virginia, Gorman, Groome, Hampton, Johnson, Mahone, McPherson, and Van Wyck. The Republicans voted "No," with Messrs. Ingalls and Van Wyck. The regular order of the bill creating intermediate appellate courts as a measure of relief for the Supreme Court was resumed.

HOUSE OF REPRESENTATIVES. The Speaker pro tem, Mr. Burrows, of Michigan, announced the regular order of business to be the consideration of the bill enjoining the powers and duties of the Agricultural Department.

Mr. Reagan, of Texas, advocated the adoption of the substitute offered by Mr. Kenna, of West Virginia, providing for the creation of a department of industries to represent the agricultural and commercial interests of the country.

After speeches by Messrs. Monroe, of Mississippi; Hoge, of West Virginia; Undergrad, of Ohio; Seales, of North Carolina; Hubbell, of Michigan; Blackburn, of Kentucky; Kenna, of West Virginia; and Valentine, of Nevada, the bill was read by sections for amendments.

Mr. Townsend, of Illinois, offered an amendment providing that the Secretary of Agriculture shall be a practical and experienced agriculturist. Adopted.

After a brief debate the provision of the bill transferring to the new Department of Agriculture the powers and duties vested in the commission known as the Geological Survey was stricken out.

Mr. Dummell, of Minnesota, offered an amendment providing for a division of forestry, the chief of which shall ascertain the annual amount of consumption, exportation, and importation of timber and other products, and duties vested in the commission known as the Geological Survey was stricken out.

Mr. Kenna's substitute was then offered and the yeas and nays were ordered.

Mr. Randall moved to adjourn. Rejected—yeas, 80; nays, 118.

Mr. Kenna's substitute was then rejected—yeas, 50; nays, 118.

Mr. Hubbell, of Michigan, then submitted the amendment to the bill agreed to by the Committee on Civil-Service Reform. Upon this and upon the original bill in the House, the yeas and nays were ordered, and then the House adjourned.

Weldon's Water-Power. NEW YORK, May 9.—The Times's special from Raleigh, N. C., says Senators Don Cameron and William Mahone have decided to invest in real estate and water-power at Weldon, in that State, for the purpose of erecting works for the building of railroad cars of every description and for spinning cotton. It is stated that the property of the Roanoke Navigation Company, which years ago built the canal for the Gulfstream, is to be sold very soon, by order of the Supreme Court, to the highest bidder. It was sold a few weeks ago, and the sale was set aside and a resale ordered.

It is understood that Senators Cameron and Mahone have decided to buy that property, and that extensive car-works will be immediately put up, and a large cotton-factory also erected at Weldon. The canal will be cleaned out and a dam thrown across the river at Gaston high enough to turn the whole river into the canal. The water privileges from Weldon to Gaston will be purchased, so that the canal may be lined with mills and factories.

A New York Judge to be Suspended. ALBANY, N. Y., May 9.—In the Assembly to-day Mr. Roosevelt, of New York, rising to a question of privilege, stated that as a result of the investigation of the Judiciary Committee into the acts of Judge Westbrook, and ex-Attorney-General Ward, he was prepared to say that Judge Westbrook should be impeached; but that as he had not concluded the work, and a final adjournment on the 18th instant could not be made, he would move the adjournment of the Assembly to the 18th instant, he asked that the adjournment resolution be rescinded. Accordingly a resolution asking the Senate to return the adjournment joint resolution was adopted.

Guiteau's Case. WASHINGTON, May 9.—The argument upon defendant's bill of exceptions in the Guiteau case began to-day before the District Supreme Court in banc, Chief-Justice Carter presiding. Charles H. Reed, for the defendant, opened the argument, and had not concluded when the court adjourned for the day.

Struck by a Cyclone. WARRENTON, Mo., May 9.—A cyclone last night tore out the east wall and parts of the roof of the Central Wesleyan college, and caused other damage amounting to \$15,000. No lives lost.

The Irish Protection Bill. LONDON, May 9.—The Daily News prints a rumor which was current in the lobby of the House of Commons last evening that the House of Commons will provide that in certain cases of murder trial by jury will be suspended, and the accused will be tried before the judges, with the right of appeal.

Promote Digestion and healthfully stimulate the liver with the Liebig Compound. Sold by J. T. Toland, Bowdoin, and by all druggists. For Liebig Compound's Coca-Pea Tonic.

THE METHODIST GENERAL CONFERENCE.

NASHVILLE, May 8.—The Methodist Conference to-day elected Rev. John S. Martin, of the Baltimore Conference, secretary, to fill the vacancy caused by the death of Dr. Summers. A satisfactory report of the financial condition of the Methodist Quarterly Review was received and the present management retained.

The following petitions were submitted: From the appointment of women as Sunday-school superintendents; from the Mississippi Conference, that a clause be inserted in the Discipline forbidding the celebration of the right of matrimony for persons divorced by the teachings of Christ; from the Southwest Missouri Conference, to drop the word "South" and substitute the name "Episcopal Methodist Church."

A resolution was introduced and referred to the General Assembly of Discipline so as to prohibit the manufacture and sale of spirituous liquors.

A resolution was received from the North Georgia Conference for the organization of a general conference of education.

A resolution was received from the White River Conference that it is not advisable for the Sunday-school secretary to adopt the revised text of the New Testament as part of the Sunday-school lessons.

A resolution was adopted requesting the Committee on Episcopacy to report by Thursday, recommending how many bishops shall be elected by this Conference.

NASHVILLE, May 9.—In the Methodist Conference to-day the committee reported a resolution to authorize the College of Bishops to organize Annual Conferences in China and Central Mexico during the next year.

The Committee on Episcopacy presented a written tribute to the memory of Bishops Wightman and Doggett; also, recommended the granting of the request of Bishop Paine to be retired from future active service, accompanied with an eulogy of his character and past service.

The Committee on Revisals recommended that the Discipline be amended so that no application for superannuation relation be granted by an Annual Conference except on recommendation of the Committee on Conference Relations, to be appointed by the General Conference.

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FINANCIAL.

RICHMOND STOCK EXCHANGE.

SALES.—FIRST BOARD.—Richmond, Fredericksburg and Potomac Railroad stock at 29 1/2; 5,000 Columbia and Greenville second 6 1/2 at 87, 5,000 do. at 87, 2,000 do. at 87, 2,000 do. at 87.

SECOND BOARD.—9,000 Columbia and Greenville second 6 1/2 at 87, 2,000 do. at 87, 2,000 do. at 87, 2,000 do. at 87.

CITY BONDS. Richmond city 8 1/2, J. and J. 101 1/2; Richmond city 8 1/2, J. and J. 101 1/2; Richmond city 8 1/2, J. and J. 101 1/2; Richmond city 8 1/2, J. and J. 101 1/2.

RAILROAD BONDS. Va. and Tenn. 2d mort. 6 1/2, J. and J. 101 1/2; Va. and Tenn. 2d mort. 6 1/2, J. and J. 101 1/2; Va. and Tenn. 2d mort. 6 1/2, J. and J. 101 1/2; Va. and Tenn. 2d mort. 6 1/2, J. and J. 101 1/2.

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